

### The PreCam Survey: Status and Results

Kyler Kuehn, Argonne National Laboratory

SURVEY



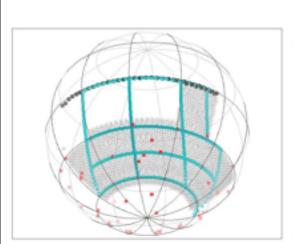
PreCam Survey: a quick, bright grizy survey in the DES footprint using a 4kx4k camera composed of DECam CCDs – the "PreCam" – mounted on the University of Michigan Dept. of Astronomy's Curtis-Schmidt Telescope at CTIO.

Observations took place in Aug/Sep 2010 and Nov 2010 - Jan 2011.

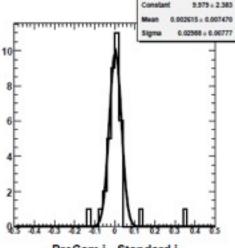
#### PreCam: a "mini-DECam," camera developed & built at ANL



- Science motivation for pre-survey observations with DECam hardware:
  0.01 calibrated stars/image w/o PreCam, ~1000/image with PreCam
- reach 2% photometry requirement faster, and better chance at 1% goal
- possible 10% savings (~\$1M!) in telescope time
- Test-bed for DECam hardware, software, and observing strategies
- PreCam science run and First Results, ~500 images/night
  - From FNAL Director's Review: "Data from PreCAM plays a key role in the calibration." It is "imperative that PreCam...be finished before the end of the 2012-2013 observing campaign."



PreCam Grid overlaid on DES Footprint, with Standard Star Fields



i-band comparison to USNO standards on equator,  $\sigma=2-3.5\%$ 



Kyler Kuehn (ANL) and Jorge Briones (CTIO) during camera installation (Aug 30, 2010).





#### PreCam Timeline

Project Approval, Postdoc Hire: Late 2009 Mechanical Design: starting November 2009 Budget in place, first purchases: Jan 2010

System Assembly: Feb - June 2010

Component Tests: May - June 2010

**Integrated System Tests: June - July 2010** 

PreCam Ships: August 2010 (6 months from assembly start!)

Installation & Commissioning late August -September 2010

PreCam Observations: November 2010 - January 2011

Data Analysis: January 2011 - Present

Less than One Year from Project Start to Data-Taking!



### Basic DES Observing Strategy

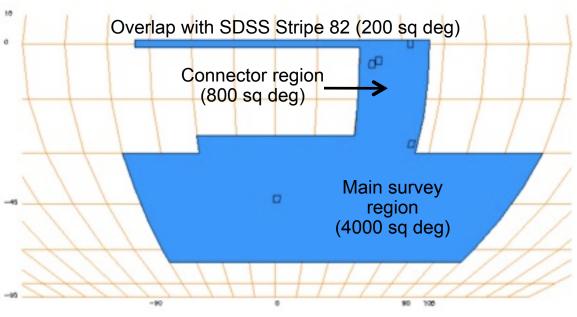
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#### **Observing Strategy**

- 100 sec exposures (nominally),
- 2 filters per pointing (typically)
  - gr in dark time
  - izy in bright time
- Multiple overlapping tilings (layers) to optimize photometric calibrations
- 2 survey tilings/filter/year

#### Survey Area

Credit: J. Annis

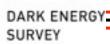


Total Area: 5000 sq deg

- Photometric Requirements (5-year)
  - All-sky internal: 2% rms (Goal: 1% rms)
  - Absolute Color: 0.5% (*g-r*, *r-i*, *i-z*); 1% (*z-y*)
  - Absolute Flux: 0.5% in *i*-band (relative to BD+17 4708)



#### **DES Calibrations Plan in 6 Points**



- 1. Instrumental Calibration (Nightly & Periodic): Create biases, dome flats, linearity curves, cross-talk coefficients, system response maps.
- 2. Photometric Monitoring: Monitor sky with 10µm All-Sky Cloud Camera.
- 3. PreCam Survey: Create a network of calibrated DES *grizy* standard stars for use in nightly calibrations and in DES Global Relative Calibrations.
- 4. Nightly and Intermediate Calibrations: Observe standard star fields with DECam during evening and morning twilight and at least once in the middle of the night; fit photometric equation; apply the results to the data.
- 5. Global Relative Calibrations: Use the extensive overlaps between exposures over multiple tilings to tie together the DES photometry onto an internally consistent system across the entire DES footprint.
- 6. Global Absolute Calibrations: Use DECam observations of spectrophotometric standards in combination with measurements of the full DECam system response map to tie the DES photometry onto an AB magnitude system.

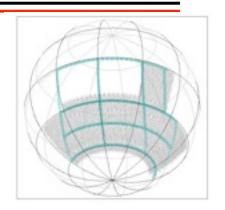


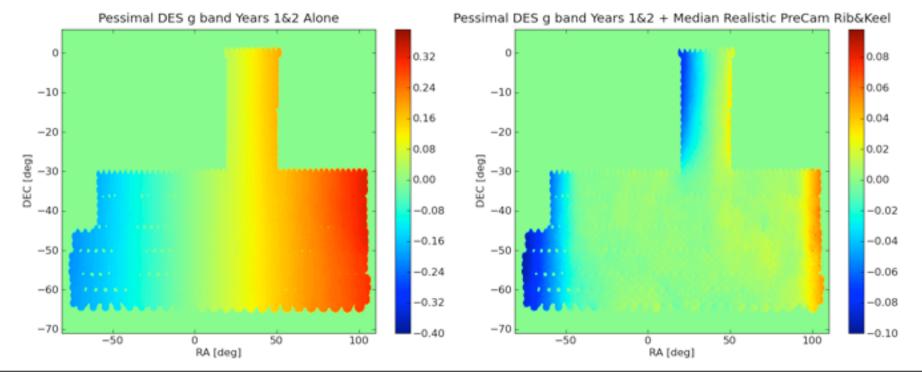
### **Global Relative Calibrations:**

#### The Role of PreCam Data

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- A rigid framework onto which to tie the DES photometry
- PreCam helps DES achieve its global relative calibrations requirements sooner (and also helps protect against certain pathological calibration failures).







### Nightly/Intermediate Calibrations: Standard Stars for DES

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#### **Photometric Equation:**

$$m_{inst}$$
 -  $m_{std}$  =  $a_n$  +  $b_n x (stdColor - stdColor_0) +  $kX$$ 

#### SDSS Stripe 82

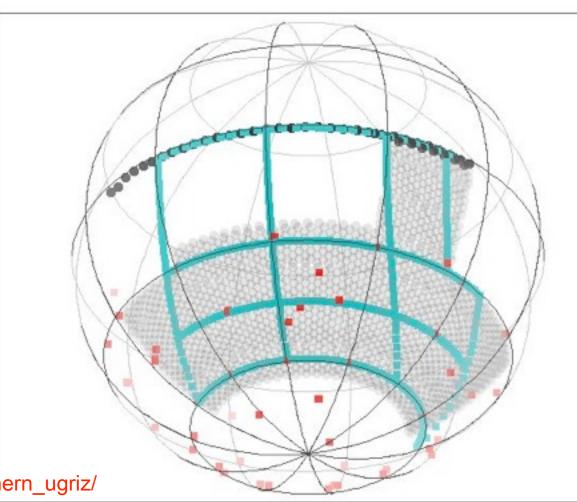
- ~10<sup>6</sup> tertiary ugriz standards
- r = 14.5-21
- ~4000 per sq deg
- 2.5° x 100° area
- See Ivezic et al. (2007)

#### <u>PreCam</u>

- DES grizy
- 500 sq deg
- ≈200 per sq deg

#### Southern u'g'r'i'z' Standards

- Sixty 13.5'x13.5' fields
- r = 9-18
- Typically tens per field
- See http://www-star.fnal.gov/Southern\_ugriz/





### The PreCam Survey: Characteristics

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- 2 DECam 2k x 4k CCDs
  - FOV of 1.6° x 1.6° (2.56 sq deg) at a pixel scale of 1.4 arcsec/pixel
- 112 scheduled nights (which includes includes installation & commissioning)
- Goals: to act as a test-stand of DECam h/w and s/w and to obtain a sparse-but-rigid gridwork of stars in DES *grizy* photometrically calibrated to better than ~1%

### Baseline PreCam Survey Point-Source Magnitude Limits (optimized to achieve S/N=50 at DES saturation + 1.5mag)

Band	Exposure time [seconds]	PreCam saturation limit	PreCam mag limit S/N=50	Number of usable stars per sq deg (SGP)
g	36	12.8	17.8	186
r	51	13.2	17.8	265
i	65	13.4	17.7	344
Z	162	14.1	17.5	317
у	73	11.6	14.3	150



#### Nov-Jan: The Data

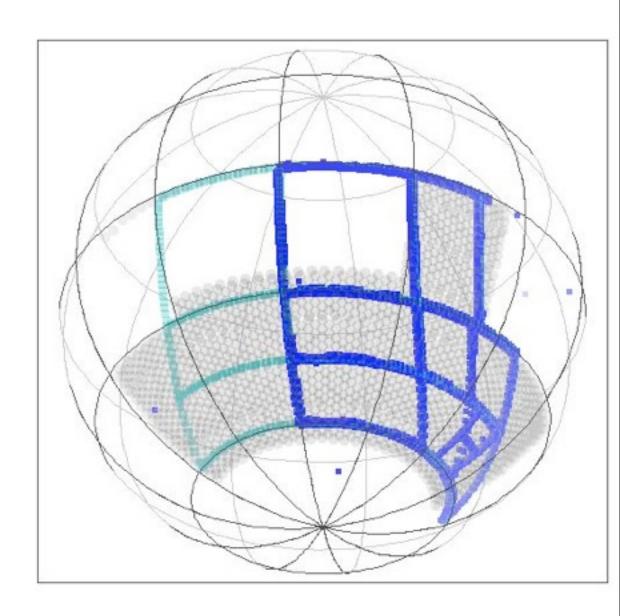
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- 64 nights allocated (Nov 16-Jan 20 minus Dec 24-25)
  - 1 night lost to weather
  - 2 nights lost to software meltdown on original DAQ computer
  - 2 nights lost to shutter breaking
  - 4 nights devoted to engineering due to shutter-sticking
  - 1 night lost due to venting dewar to ambient atmospheric pressure
  - 1 night lost due to problems with installing new 12-channel DAQ card
  - 2 nights devoted to end-of-run engineering tests
- 51 nights on sky (c. 80% of the 64 nights allocated)
- ~24,000 images

i-band coverage in Nov-Jan data.

~5 tilings in g,r,i in this partial grid

Western fields not visible at that time.





# A Processed *i*-band PreCam Image from Jan 13

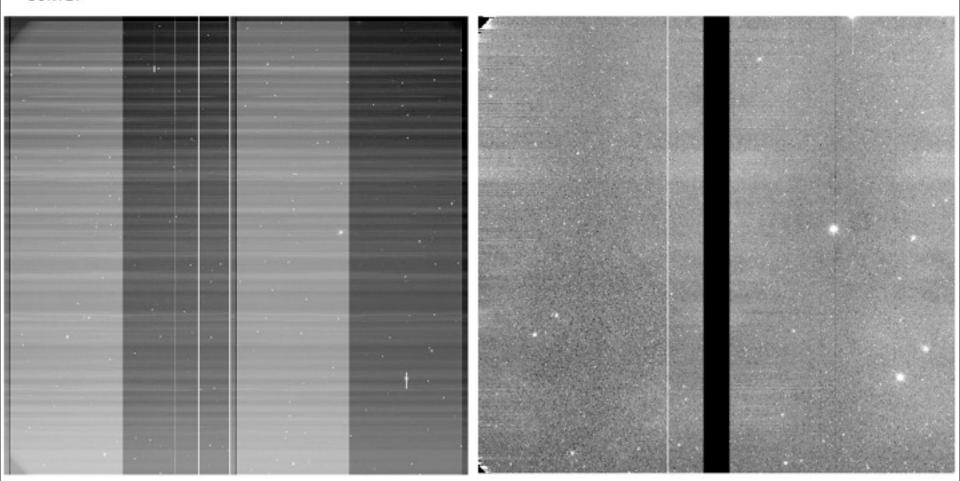
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1.6 deg



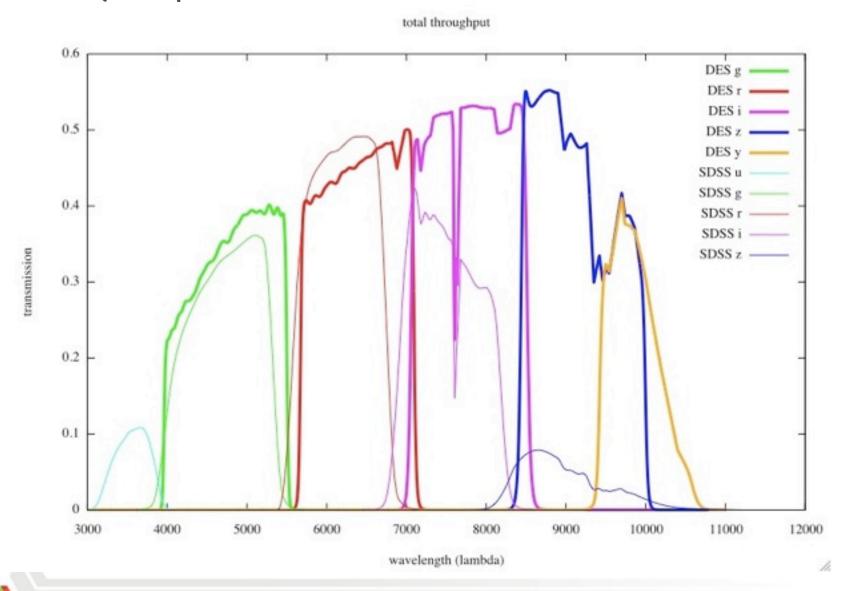
## Results: Horizontal Banding & Streaking

DARK ENERGY SURVEY



After corrections, horizontal banding & streaking affect only about 6% of images.

### Asahi DECam filters used for PreCam (4"), first test of filter transmission and CCD QE compared to SDSS.

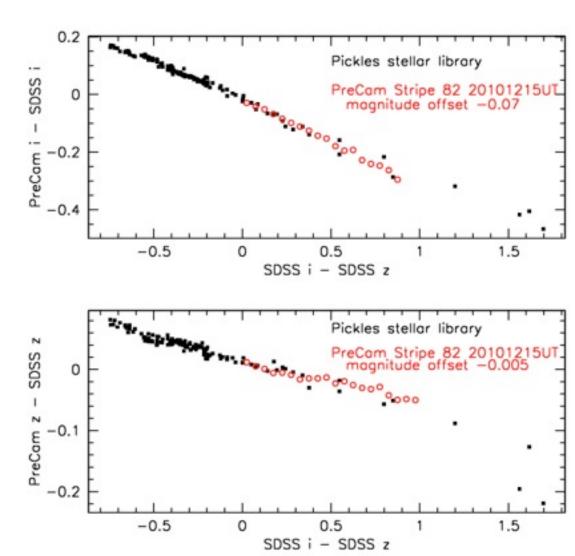


Asahi DECam filters used for PreCam, first test of filter transmission and CCD QE compared to SDSS.

Huan Lin (FNAL) analysis.

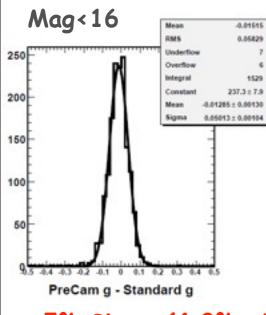
Black points are star spectra convoluted with expected PreCam and SDSS filters.

Red points are measured PreCam data compared to SDSS. Very good overlap with black points.

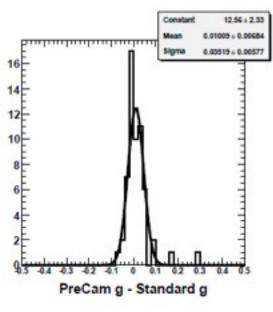


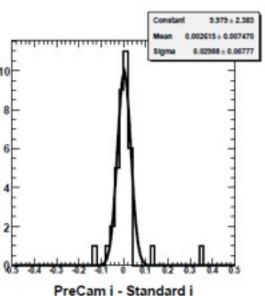
PreCam compared to Southern Standards, mostly mag<14. No corrections for color terms, vignetting, multiple tilings...

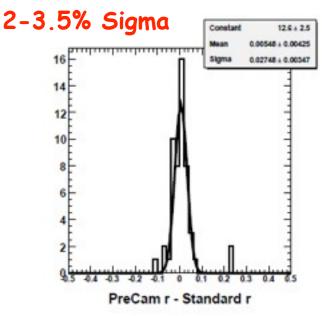
PreCam compared to SDSS Standards.

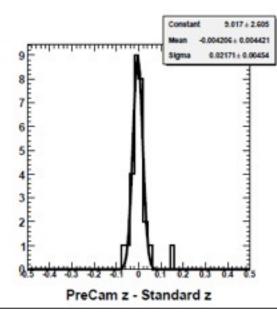


5% Sigma (4.8% with Illumination Correction)









DARK ENERGY SURVEY

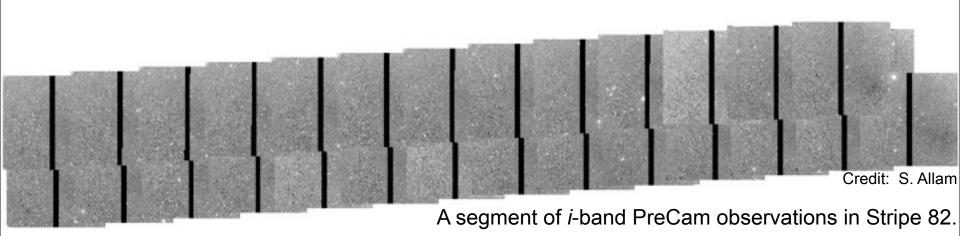
- Quick Reduce Commissioning & Experience and Dramatic Improvement in the DES-Brazil Portal
  - First use of QR during live observing at CTIO
- 2. ObsTac Commissioning & Experience
  - Substantially increased efficiency
  - Basic design showed its flexibility
  - Survey Strategy: Full Moon crosses Stripe 82 (affects survey strategy for izy)
- 3. DECam Control System (CompactRIO) Experience
  - 24K shutter exposures with no failures, plus Temp/Vacuum monitoring over 7 months
- 4. "Live-fire" Experience with SISPI and Related Observing Software
  - A special PreCam branch of SISPI
- 5. Observing run staffing and training
  - 16-hour shifts combined with runs longer than 7 nights can be fatiguing, especially when hardware or software problems arise



#### **Plans**

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- 1. Determine final detailed plan for official processing.
- 2. Finish processing data.
- 3. Analyze data.
- 4. Determine how much more observing time would be needed to achieve the original PreCam goals (esp. with regards to global relative calibrations of DES), and the consequences of de-scoping if that proves necessary.
- 5. It is likely that PreCam would need another full season or two half seasons, since Aug/Sept 2011 might not be available? to fully achieve its original goals.





### Extra Slides

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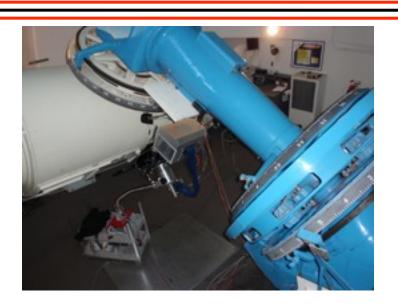


### PreCam on the Curtis-Schmidt

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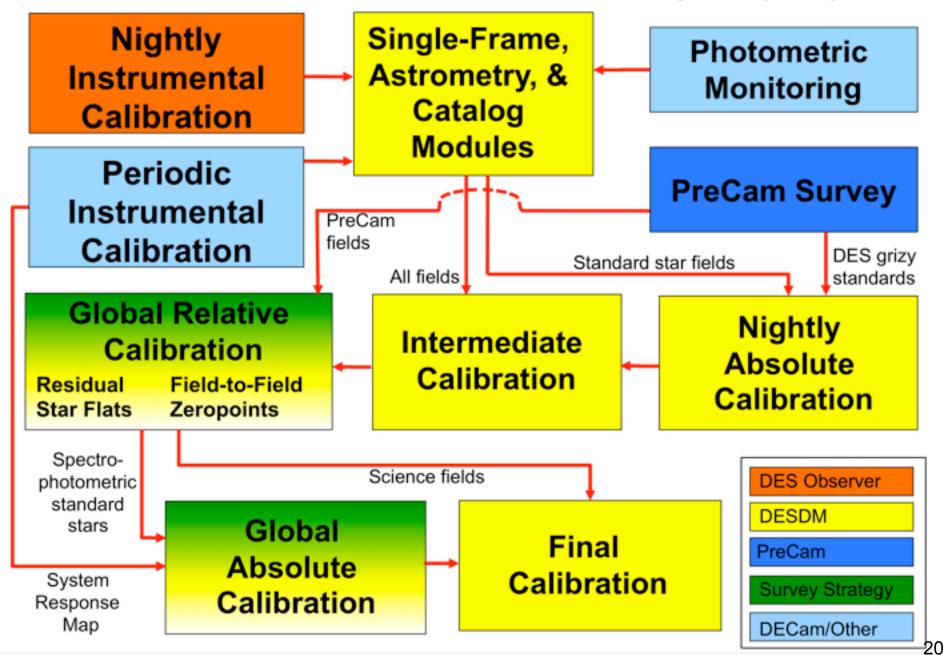


Photo Credits: R. Ogando





#### DES Photometric Calibrations Flow Diagram (v4.1)





#### **Global Relative Calibrations:**

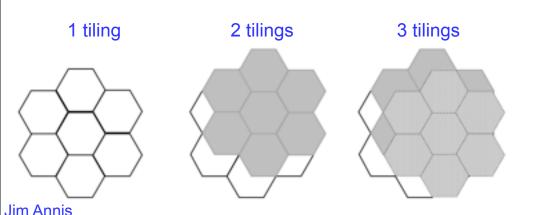
### The Need and The Strategy

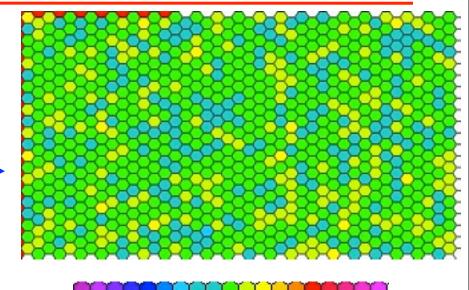
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We want to remove field-to-field zeropoint offsets to achieve a uniformly "flat" all-sky relative calibration of the full DES survey, but...

DES will not always observe under truly photometric conditions...

...and, even under photometric conditions, zeropoints can vary by 1-2% rms field-to-field.





scaling bar is -0.20 mags to +0.20 mags

The solution: multiple tilings of the survey area, with large offsets between tilings.

We cover the sky twice per year per filter. It takes ~ 1700 hexes to tile the whole survey area.

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May 5-7, 2005

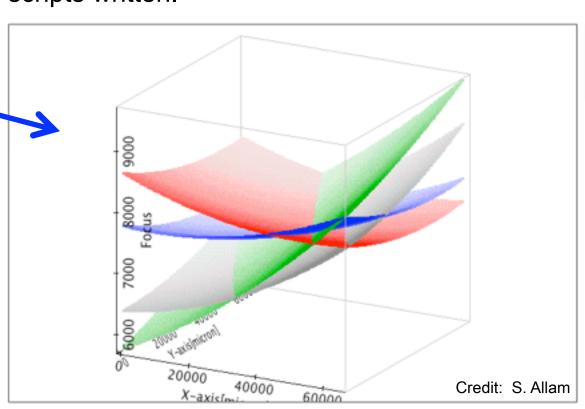
**DES Collaboration Meeting,** 



### August-September Successes

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- 1. Safely shipped PreCam, PreCam computers, PreCam CCDs, and auxiliary equipment to CTIO and mounted on the Curtis-Schmidt (C-S).
- 2. Hardware upgrades to C-S, including new TAMU dome flat system.
- 3. Quick Reduce and data transfer installed on PreCam computers
- 4. Preliminary observing scripts written.
- Realigned optics with powerful new quantitative technique.
- Identified problems to be fixed.
- PreCam on sky!
- Built successful PreCam team!

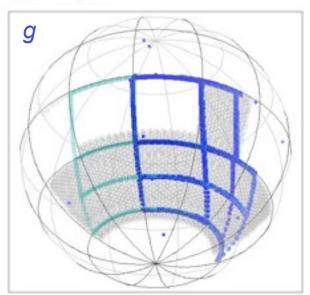


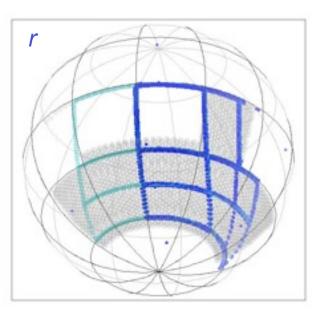
<sup>·</sup> Sep24

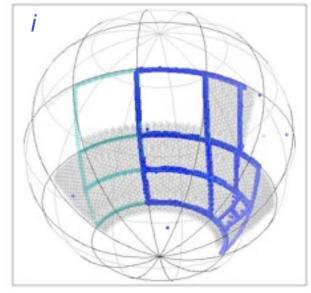
<sup>\*</sup> Sep23

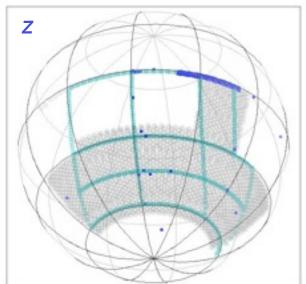


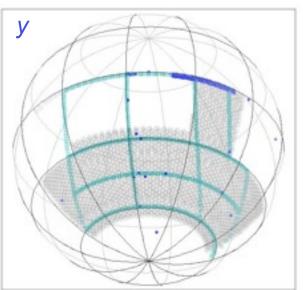
### Actual PreCam Coverage as of Jan 20













### **Data Processing**

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- DES-Brazil Effort
  - The official data processing.
  - Uses a PreCam-specific version of the Quick Reduce Pipeline.
    - Quick Reduce in turn uses the DESDM code.
- FNAL/ANL Effort
  - R&D effort using custom scripts in order to understand the data and obtain some quick results.
  - Provides feedback to the official data processing.
- "Golden Nights"
  - A set of 5 nights with robust FITS headers, no known problems, and target observations in SDSS Stripe 82.
  - Used by both data processing efforts for rapid testing and algorithm development.

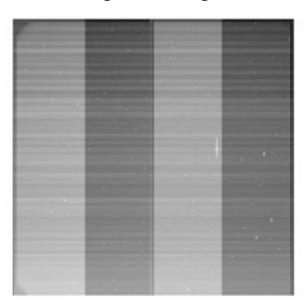


SURVEY

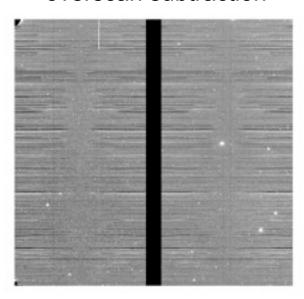
## Results: Horizontal Banding & Streaking

A Pretty Bad Case of Banding and Streaking

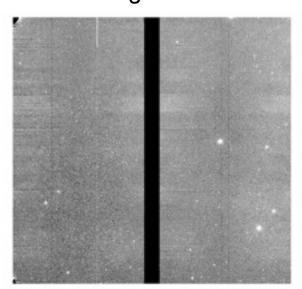
Original Image



After row-by-row overscan subtraction

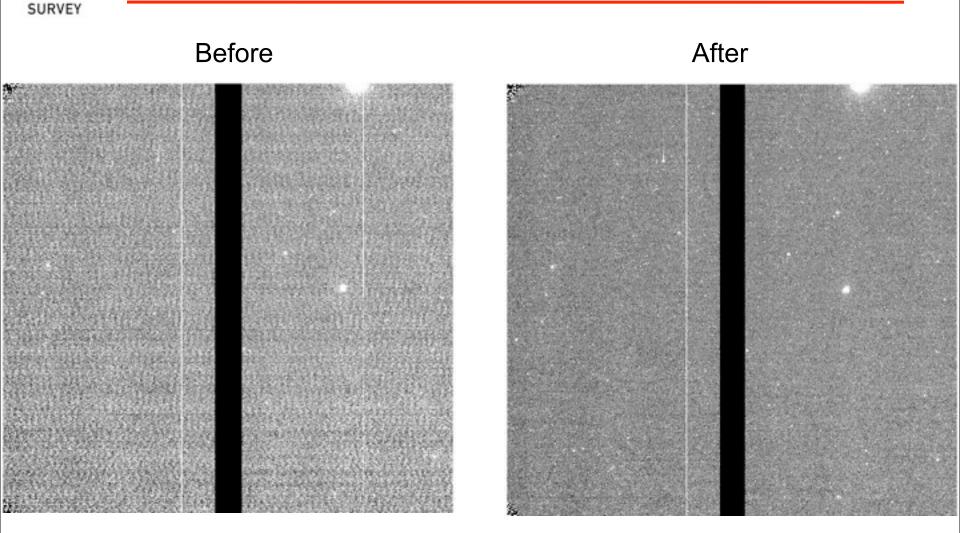


After horizontal streaking correction

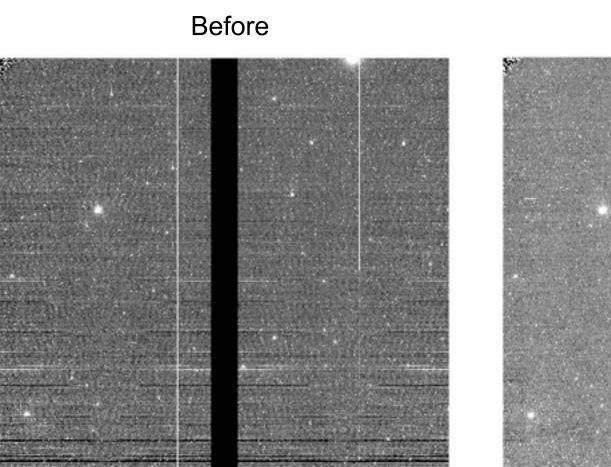


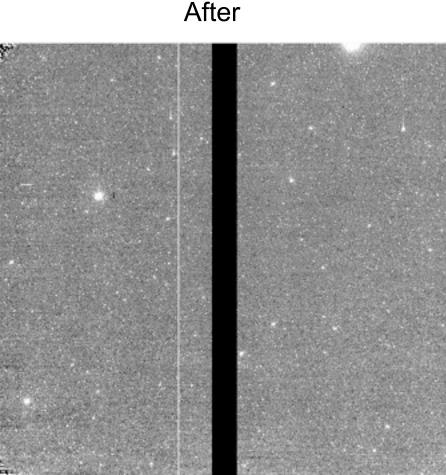
After corrections, horizontal banding & streaking affect only about 6% of images.

# More Examples: Before and After Horizontal Streaking Correction



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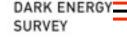


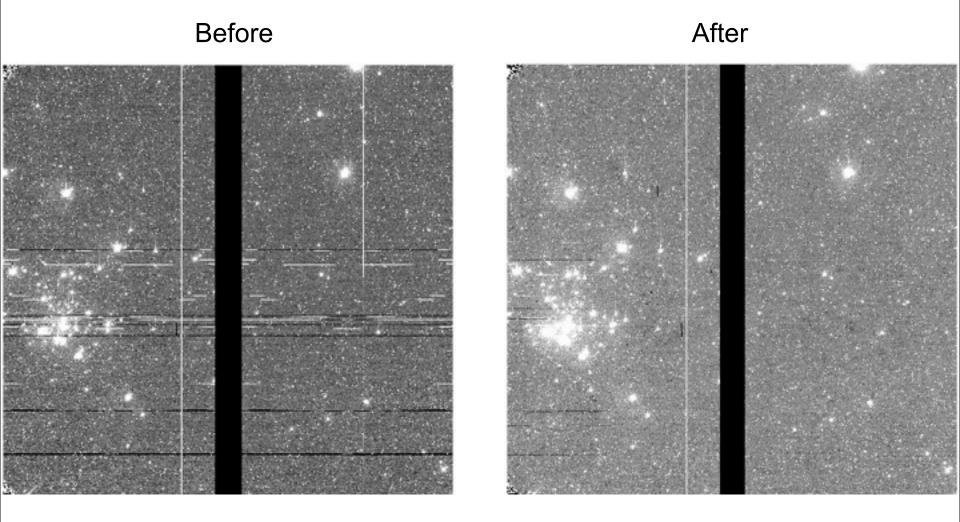


Credit: S. Allam

SURVEY

# More Examples: Before and After Horizontal Streaking Correction



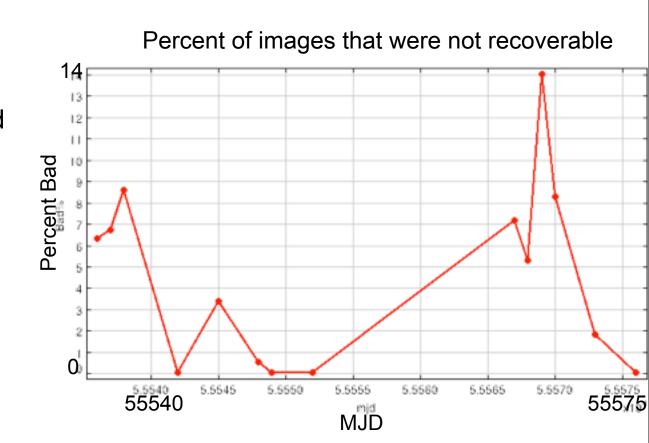




## Results: Horizontal Banding & Streaking

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- Horizontal banding & streaking affect ≈40% of the raw PreCam standard star field and science target images.
- After correcting, horizontal banding & streaking affect only about 6% of the processed images.

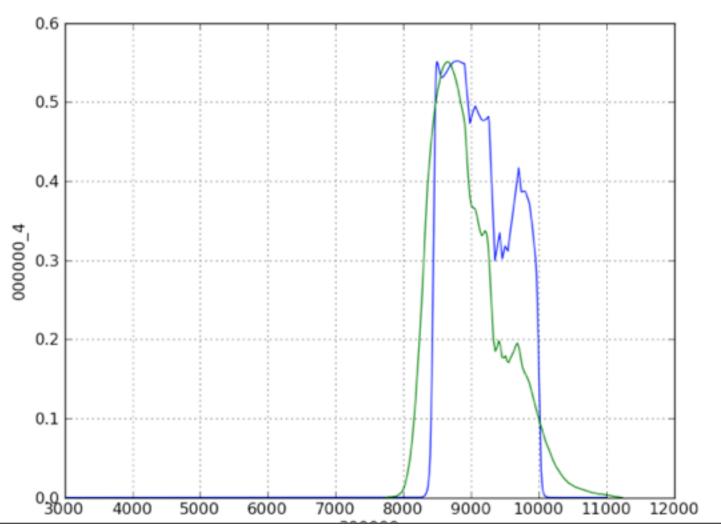


Credit: S. Allam



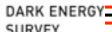
### DES Z Filter vs. SDSS Z Filter (x 7)

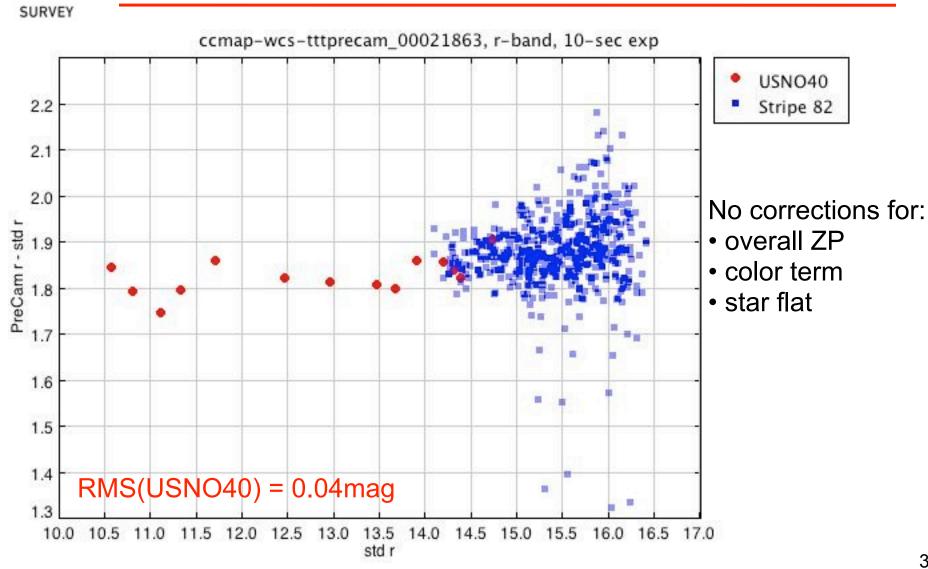
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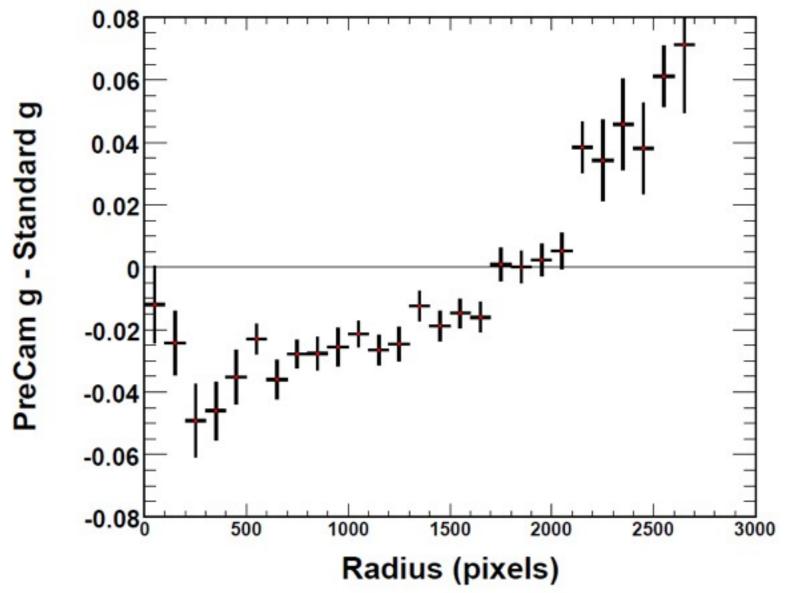


## Results: Initial Photometry for a Single Image





#### Expected vignetting due to small secondary mirror observed, future correction.

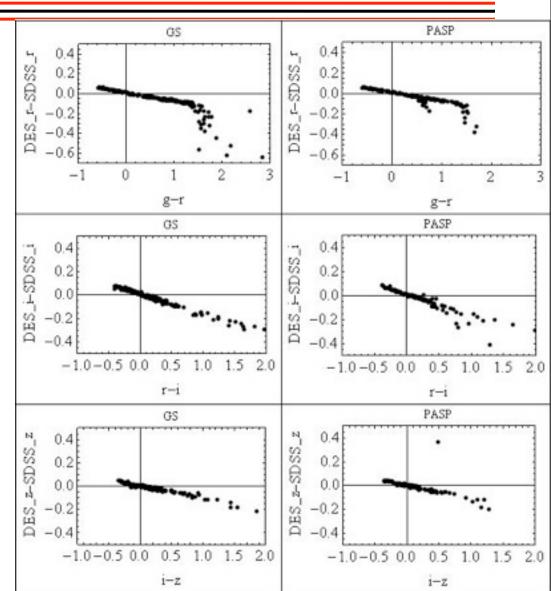




### Results: DES-SDSS Color Terms

#### SURVEY

- Synthetic color terms.
- Transmission curves from the PreCam set of 100mm x 100mm DES grizy filters.
- Stellar libraries from Gunn-Stryker (GS) and Pickles (PASP).



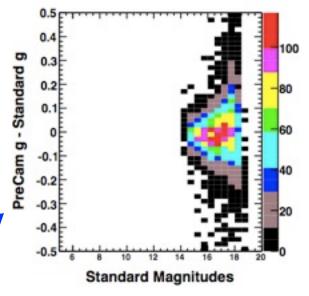
Credit: V. Bragança

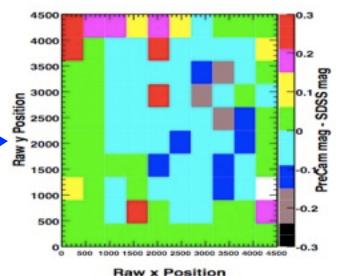


### Results: Photometry in SDSS Stripe 82

#### DARK ENERGY SURVEY

- Night of 7 Jan 2011 UT.
- 11 *g*-band images within SDSS Stripe 82.
- Corrections for overall ZPs and for airmass (using site-average first-order extinction coefficients)
- RMS = 9% (mag = 14 19).
- No correction for color terms or for variations across focal plane.

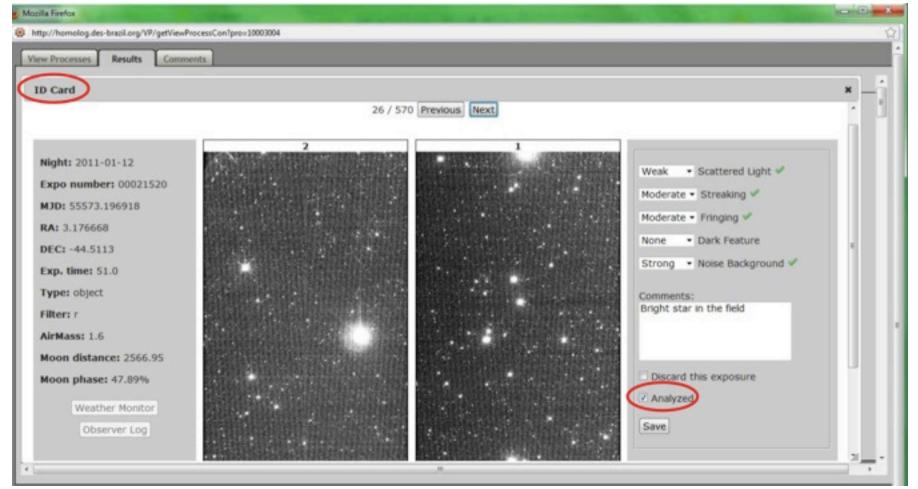




Credit: S. Kuhlmann, H. Spinka

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1. Quick Reduce & DES Portal were tested and substantially improved.



Credit: M. Maia

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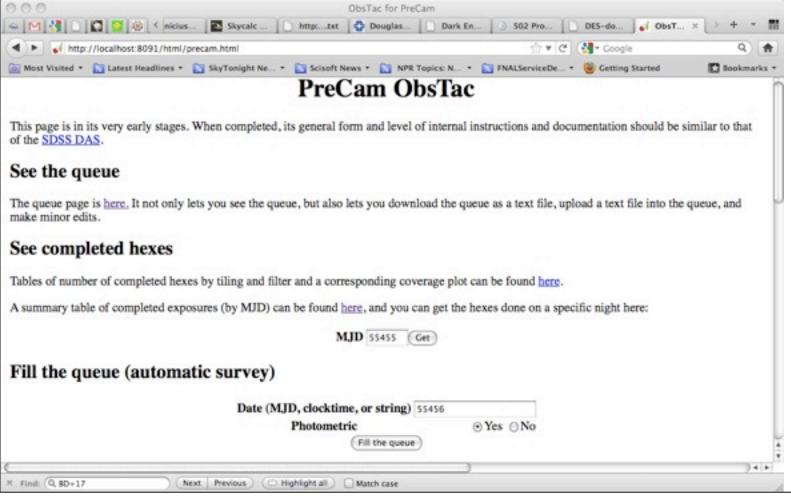
DARK ENERGY SURVEY

1. Quick Reduce & DES Portal were tested and substantially improved.



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2. ObsTac substantially increased observing efficiency, and its basic design demonstrated its flexibility...

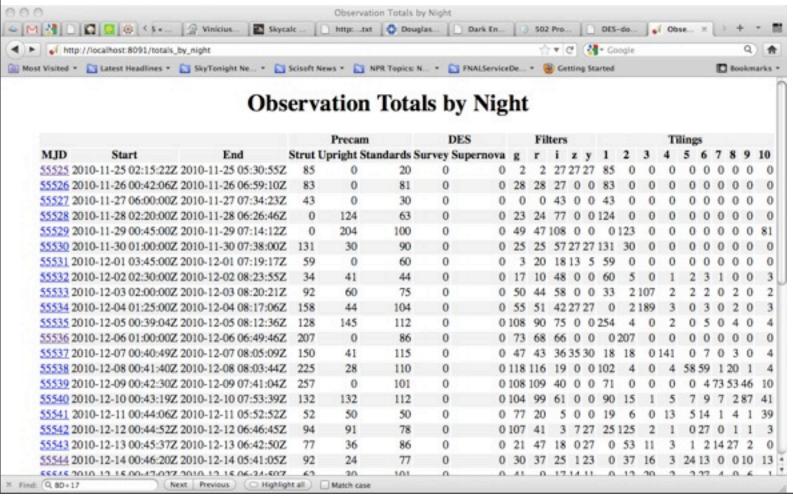


DARK ENERGY

SURVEY

DARK ENERGY SURVEY

2. ObsTac substantially increased observing efficiency, and its basic design demonstrated its flexibility...



Credit: E. Neilsen